



# **Safety Data Sheet**

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This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared in accordance with the REACH Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 and its modifications.

# **SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking**

#### 1.1. Product identifier

3M SprayMount Adhesive.

**Product Identification Numbers** 

UU-0015-2889-0 UU-0015-7905-9 YP-2080-6050-6 YP-2080-6054-8

# 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

#### **Identified uses**

Adhesive aerosol.

### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Address: 3M United Kingdom PLC, 3M Centre, Cain Road, Bracknell, Berkshire, RG12 8HT.

 Telephone:
 +44 (0)1344 858 000

 E Mail:
 tox.uk@mmm.com

 Website:
 www.3M.com/uk

### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

+44 (0)1344 858 000

# **SECTION 2: Hazard identification**

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

CLP REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008

### **CLASSIFICATION:**

Aerosol, Category 1 - Aerosol 1; H222, H229

Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation, Category 2 - Eye Irrit. 2; H319

Skin Corrosion/Irritation, Category 2 - Skin Irrit. 2; H315

Specific Target Organ Toxicity-Single Exposure, Category 3 - STOT SE 3; H336

Hazardous to the Aquatic Environment (Chronic), Category 3 - Aquatic Chronic 3; H412

For full text of H phrases, see Section 16.

#### 2.2. Label elements

\_\_\_\_\_



### CLP REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008

#### SIGNAL WORD

DANGER.

#### **Symbols:**

GHS02 (Flame) |GHS07 (Exclamation mark) |

#### **Pictograms**



### **Ingredients:**

Ingredient CAS Nbr % by Wt Acetone 67-64-1 25 - 40

#### **HAZARD STATEMENTS:**

H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.

H229 Pressurised container. may burst if heated.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H315 Causes skin irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

# PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

General:

P102 Keep out of reach of children.

**Prevention:** 

P210A Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.

P251 Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

Storage:

P410 + P412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50C/122F.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international

regulations.

Contains 22% of components with unknown hazards to the aquatic environment.

### Notes on labelling

H304 is not required on the label because the product is an aerosol.

### 2.3. Other hazards

None known.

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**



Ingredient	CAS Nbr	<b>EU Inventory</b>	% by Wt	Classification
Acetone	67-64-1	200-662-2	25 - 40	Flam. Liq. 2, H225; Eye Irrit. 2, H319; STOT SE 3, H336; EUH066 (CLP)
Butane	106-97-8	203-448-7	10 - 20	Flam. Gas 1, H220; Liquified gas, H280 - Nota C,U (CLP)
Propane	74-98-6	200-827-9	10 - 20	Flam. Gas 1, H220; Liquified gas, H280 - Nota U (CLP)
Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics (REACH Reg. No.:01-2119475515-33)		927-510-4	7 - 13	Flam. Liq. 2, H225; Asp. Tox. 1, H304; Skin Irrit. 2, H315; STOT SE 3, H336; Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 (Vendor)
Non-volatiles	Trade Secret		5 - 10	
Isobutane	75-28-5	200-857-2	5 - 10	Flam. Gas 1, H220; Liquified gas, H280 - Nota C,U (CLP)
Hydrocarbons, C6, isoalkanes, < 5% n- Hexane (REACH Reg. No.:01-2119484651- 34)		931-254-9	5 - 10	Flam. Liq. 2, H225; Asp. Tox. 1, H304; STOT SE 3, H336 (Vendor)
Non Volatile Compound	Trade Secret		1 - 5	
Pentane	109-66-0	203-692-4	1 - 5	Flam. Liq. 2, H225; Asp. Tox. 1, H304; STOT SE 3, H336; EUH066; Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 - Nota C (CLP)
2-methylbutane	78-78-4	201-142-8	0.5 - 2	Flam. Liq. 1, H224; Asp. Tox. 1, H304; STOT SE 3, H336; EUH066; Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 (CLP)
n-hexane	110-54-3	203-777-6	0 - 1	Flam. Liq. 2, H225; Asp. Tox. 1, H304; Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Repr. 2, H361f; STOT SE 3, H336; STOT RE 2, H373; Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 (CLP)
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	203-806-2	0 - 0.5	Flam. Liq. 2, H225; Asp. Tox. 1, H304; Skin Irrit. 2, H315; STOT SE 3, H336; Aquatic Acute 1, H400,M=1; Aquatic Chronic 1, H410,M=1 (CLP)

Note: Any entry in the EC# column that begins with the numbers 6, 7, 8, or 9 are a Provisional List Number provided by ECHA pending publication of the official EC Inventory Number for the substance.

Please see section 16 for the full text of any H statements referred to in this section

For information on ingredient occupational exposure limits or PBT or vPvB status, see sections 8 and 12 of this SDS

# **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

# 4.1. Description of first aid measures

### Inhalation

Remove person to fresh air. Get medical attention.

# Skin contact

Immediately wash with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.



#### Eye contact

Immediately flush with large amounts of water. Remove contact lenses if easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention.

#### If swallowed

Do not induce vomiting. Get immediate medical attention.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Section 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required

Exposure may increase myocardial irritability. Do not administer sympathomimetic drugs unless absolutely necessary.

# **SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures**

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

Use a fire fighting agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

# 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Closed containers exposed to heat from fire may build pressure and explode.

# **Hazardous Decomposition or By-Products**

SubstanceConditionAldehydes.During combustion.Hydrocarbons.During combustion.Carbon monoxide.During combustion.Carbon dioxide.During combustion.

# 5.3. Advice for fire-fighters

Water may not effectively extinguish fire; however, it should be used to keep fire-exposed containers and surfaces cool and prevent explosive rupture.

# **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate area. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools. Ventilate the area with fresh air. For large spill, or spills in confined spaces, provide mechanical ventilation to disperse or exhaust vapours, in accordance with good industrial hygiene practice. Warning! A motor could be an ignition source and could cause flammable gases or vapours in the spill area to burn or explode. Refer to other sections of this SDS for information regarding physical and health hazards, respiratory protection, ventilation, and personal protective equipment.

# 6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. For larger spills, cover drains and build dykes to prevent entry into sewer systems or bodies of water.

# 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

If possible, seal leaking container. Place leaking containers in a well-ventilated area, preferably an operating exhaust hood, or if necessary outdoors on an impermeable surface until appropriate packaging for the leaking container or its contents is available. Cover spill area with a fire-extinguishing foam. An appropriate aqueous film forming foam (AFFF) is recommended. Working from around the edges of the spill inward, cover with bentonite, vermiculite, or commercially available inorganic absorbent material. Mix in sufficient absorbent until it appears dry. Remember, adding an absorbent material does not remove a physical, health, or environmental hazard. Collect as much of the spilled material as possible using non-sparking tools. Place in a metal container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Clean up residue



with an appropriate solvent selected by a qualified and authorised person. Ventilate the area with fresh air. Read and follow safety precautions on the solvent label and Safety Data Sheet. Seal the container. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to Section 8 and Section 13 for more information

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

# 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Do not use in a confined area with minimal air exchange. Keep out of reach of children. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid contact with oxidising agents (eg. chlorine, chromic acid etc.) Use personal protective equipment (eg. gloves, respirators...) as required.

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities

Store in a well-ventilated place. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50C/122F. Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place. Store away from heat. Store away from acids. Store away from oxidising agents.

#### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

See information in Section 7.1 and 7.2 for handling and storage recommendations. See Section 8 for exposure controls and personal protection recommendations.

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

### 8.1 Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in the table below, an occupational exposure limit is not available for the component.

Ingredient	CAS Nbr	Agency	Limit type	Additional comments
Butane	106-97-8	UK HSC	TWA:1450 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (600	
			ppm);STEL:1810 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (750	
			ppm)	
Pentane	109-66-0	UK HSC	TWA:1800 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (600 ppm)	
n-hexane	110-54-3	UK HSC	TWA:72 mg/m3(20 ppm)	
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	UK HSC	TWA:350 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (100	
			ppm);STEL:1050 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (300	
			ppm)	
Acetone	67-64-1	UK HSC	TWA:1210 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (500	
			ppm);STEL:3620 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (1500	
			ppm)	
Propane	74-98-6	UK HSC	Limit value not established:	asphyxiant
2-methylbutane	78-78-4	UK HSC	TWA:1800 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (600 ppm)	
UK HSC : UK Health and Safety Commis	sion			

UK HSC: UK Health and Safety Commission

TWA: Time-Weighted-Average STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

CEIL: Ceiling

### **Biological limit values**

No biological limit values exist for any of the components listed in Section 3 of this safety data sheet.

#### Derived no effect level (DNEL)

Ingredient Degradation Population Human exposure DNEL
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	Product		pattern	
Hydrocarbons, C6,		Worker	Dermal, Long-term	13,964 mg/kg bw/d
isoalkanes, < 5% n-			exposure (8 hours),	
Hexane			Systemic effects	
Hydrocarbons, C6,		Worker	Inhalation, Long-term	5,306 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
isoalkanes, < 5% n-			exposure (8 hours),	_
Hexane			Systemic effects	
Hydrocarbons, C7, n-		Worker	Dermal, Long-term	300 mg/kg bw/d
alkanes, isoalkanes,			exposure (8 hours),	
cyclics			Systemic effects	
Hydrocarbons, C7, n-		Worker	Inhalation, Long-term	2,085 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
alkanes, isoalkanes,			exposure (8 hours),	
cyclics			Systemic effects	

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

In addition, refer to the annex for more information.

#### 8.2.1. Engineering controls

Do not remain in area where available oxygen may be reduced. Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below relevant Exposure Limits and/or control dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment.

### 8.2.2. Personal protective equipment (PPE)

### Eye/face protection

Select and use eye/face protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following eye/face protection(s) are recommended:
Indirect vented goggles.

### Skin/hand protection

Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing approved to relevant local standards to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Selection should be based on use factors such as exposure levels, concentration of the substance or mixture, frequency and duration, physical challenges such as temperature extremes, and other use conditions. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible gloves/protective clothing. Note: Nitrile gloves may be worn over polymer laminate gloves to improve dexterity. Gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended:

MaterialThickness (mm)Breakthrough TimeButyl rubber.No data availableNo data availablePolymer laminateNo data availableNo data available

# Respiratory protection

An exposure assessment may be needed to decide if a respirator is required. If a respirator is needed, use respirators as part of a full respiratory protection program. Based on the results of the exposure assessment, select from the following respirator type(s) to reduce inhalation exposure:

Half facepiece or full facepiece air-purifying respirator suitable for organic vapours and particulates

Half facepiece or full facepiece supplied-air respirator

Organic vapour respirators may have short service life.

For questions about suitability for a specific application, consult with your respirator manufacturer.

### 8.2.3. Environmental exposure controls

Refer to Annex

\_\_\_\_\_\_



# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state Liquid.
Specific Physical Form: Aerosol

Appearance/Odour Transparent- white liquid in Aerosol; Strong ketone odour

Odour thresholdNo data available.pHNot applicable.Boiling point/boiling rangeNot applicable.Melting pointNot applicable.Flammability (solid, gas)Not applicable.Explosive propertiesNot classifiedOxidising propertiesNot classified

Flash point -46 °C [Test Method: Closed Cup]

Autoignition temperatureNo data available.Flammable Limits(LEL)No data available.Flammable Limits(UEL)No data available.Vapour pressureNo data available.

**Relative density** 0.706 [*Ref Std*:WATER=1]

Negligible Water solubility Solubility- non-water No data available. Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water No data available. **Evaporation rate** No data available. Vapour density Not applicable. **Decomposition temperature** No data available. Not applicable. Viscosity 0.706 g/ml **Density** 

9.2. Other information

Percent volatile 88.5 % weight

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

# 10.1 Reactivity

This material may be reactive with certain agents under certain conditions - see the remaining headings in this section

### 10.2 Chemical stability

Stable.

# 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerisation will not occur.

#### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Heat.

Sparks and/or flames.

### 10.5 Incompatible materials

None known.

### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

<u>Substance</u> <u>Condition</u>

None known.



Refer to section 5.2 for hazardous decomposition products during combustion.

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

The information below may not agree with the EU material classification in Section 2 and/or the ingredient classifications in Section 3 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, statements and data presented in Section 11 are based on UN GHS calculation rules and classifications derived from 3M assessments.

#### 11.1 Information on Toxicological effects

#### Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:

#### Inhalation

Intentional concentration and inhalation may be harmful or fatal. Simple asphyxiation: Signs/symptoms may include increased heart rate, rapid respirations, drowsiness, headache, incoordination, altered judgement, nausea, vomiting, lethargy, seizures, coma, and may be fatal. Respiratory tract irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain. May cause target organ effects after inhalation.

#### Skin contact

Skin Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include localised redness, swelling, itching, dryness, cracking, blistering, and pain. Dermal Defatting: Signs/symptoms may include localised redness, itching, drying and cracking of skin.

### Eye contact

Severe eye irritation: Signs/symptoms may include significant redness, swelling, pain, tearing, cloudy appearance of the cornea, and impaired vision.

### Ingestion

Chemical (aspiration) pneumonitis: Signs/symptoms may include coughing, gasping, choking, burning of the mouth, difficulty breathing, bluish coloured skin (cyanosis), and may be fatal. Gastrointestinal irritation: Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea. May cause additional health effects (see below).

# **Additional Health Effects:**

#### Single exposure may cause target organ effects:

Central nervous system (CNS) depression: Signs/symptoms may include headache, dizziness, drowsiness, incoordination, nausea, slowed reaction time, slurred speech, giddiness, and unconsciousness.

Single exposure, above recommended guidelines, may cause:

Cardiac sensitisation: Signs/symptoms may include irregular heartbeat (arrhythmia), faintness, chest pain, and may be fatal.

### Reproductive/Developmental Toxicity:

Contains a chemical or chemicals which can cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

#### **Toxicological Data**

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in a table below, either no data are available for that endpoint or the data are not sufficient for classification.

# **Acute Toxicity**

react Toxicity			
Name	Route	Species	Value
Overall product	Dermal		No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg
Overall product	Ingestion		No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg
Acetone	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 15,688 mg/kg
Acetone	Inhalation-	Rat	LC50 76 mg/l

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	Vapour (4		
	hours)		
Acetone	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 5,800 mg/kg
Propane	Inhalation-	Rat	LC50 > 200,000 ppm
	Gas (4		
	hours)		
Butane	Inhalation-	Rat	LC50 277,000 ppm
	Gas (4		
	hours)	_	X 020 020 000
Isobutane	Inhalation-	Rat	LC50 276,000 ppm
	Gas (4 hours)		
Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics	Inhalation-	Not	LC50 > 20 mg/l
Trydrocarbons, C7, 11-arkanes, isoarkanes, cycnes	Vapour (4	available	EC30 > 20 Hig/1
	hours)	available	
Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Hydrocarbons, C6, isoalkanes, < 5% n- Hexane	Dermal		LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Hydrocarbons, C6, isoalkanes, < 5% n- Hexane	Inhalation-	Rat	LC50 > 20 mg/l
Trydrocaroons, co, isoaikanes, \ 570 ii Trexane	Vapour (4	Rat	EC30 > 20 mg/1
	hours)		
Hydrocarbons, C6, isoalkanes, < 5% n- Hexane	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Pentane	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 3,000 mg/kg
Pentane	Inhalation-	Rat	LC50 > 18 mg/l
	Vapour (4		
	hours)		
Pentane	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 2,000  mg/kg
Non-volatiles	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
Non-volatiles	Ingestion		LD50 estimated to be 2,000 - 5,000 mg/kg
Non Volatile Compound	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
Non Volatile Compound	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 34,000 mg/kg
2-methylbutane	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 3,000 mg/kg
2-methylbutane	Inhalation-	Rat	LC50 > 18 mg/l
	Vapour (4		
	hours)		
2-methylbutane	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
n-hexane	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
n-hexane	Inhalation-	Rat	LC50 170 mg/l
	Vapour (4		
1	hours)	D. /	LD50 > 20 700 //
n-hexane	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 28,700 mg/kg
Cyclohexane	Dermal	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
Cyclohexane	Inhalation-	Rat	LC50 > 32.9 mg/l
	Vapour (4 hours)		
Cyclohexane	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 6,200 mg/kg
Сустопелане	mgestion	rxat	LDJU U,200 HIB/Ng

ATE = acute toxicity estimate

# Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
Acetone	Mouse	Minimal irritation
Propane	Rabbit	Minimal irritation
Butane	Professio	No significant irritation
	nal	
	judgemen	
	t	
Isobutane	Professio	No significant irritation
	nal	
	judgemen	
	t	
Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics	Professio	Irritant
	nal	
	judgemen	
	t	

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Pentane	Rabbit	Minimal irritation
Non-volatiles	Professio	No significant irritation
	nal	
	judgemen	
	t	
2-methylbutane	Rabbit	Minimal irritation
n-hexane	Human	Mild irritant
	and	
	animal	
Cyclohexane	Rabbit	Mild irritant

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
Acetone	Rabbit	Severe irritant
Propane	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Butane	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Isobutane	Professio	No significant irritation
	nal	
	judgemen	
	t	
Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics	Professio	No significant irritation
	nal	
	judgemen	
	t	
Pentane	Rabbit	Mild irritant
2-methylbutane	Rabbit	Mild irritant
n-hexane	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Cyclohexane	Rabbit	Mild irritant

### **Skin Sensitisation**

Name	Species	Value
Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics	Not available	Not sensitising
Pentane	Guinea pig	Not sensitising
Non-volatiles	Professio nal judgemen t	Not sensitising
2-methylbutane	Guinea pig	Not sensitising
n-hexane	Human	Not sensitising

# **Respiratory Sensitisation**

For the component/components, either no data is currently available or the data is not sufficient for classification.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

Name	Route	Value
Acetone	In vivo	Not mutagenic
Acetone	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Propane	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Butane	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Isobutane	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Pentane	In vivo	Not mutagenic
Pentane	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
2-methylbutane	In vivo	Not mutagenic
2-methylbutane	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
n-hexane	In Vitro	Not mutagenic

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n-hexane	In vivo	Not mutagenic
Cyclohexane	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Cyclohexane	In vivo	Some positive data exist, but the data are not
		sufficient for classification

Carcinogenicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Acetone	Not	Multiple	Not carcinogenic
	specified.	animal	
		species	
n-hexane	Dermal	Mouse	Not carcinogenic
n-hexane	Inhalation	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not
			sufficient for classification

# Reproductive Toxicity

Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects

Name			Species	Test result	Exposure Duration	
Acetone			Rat	NOAEL 1,700 mg/kg/day	13 weeks	
Acetone	Inhalation	Some positive developmental data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 5.2 mg/l	during organogenesis	
Pentane	Ingestion	Not toxic to development	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	during organogenesis	
Pentane	Inhalation	Not toxic to development	Rat	NOAEL 30 mg/l	during organogenesis	
2-methylbutane	Ingestion	Not toxic to development	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	during organogenesis	
2-methylbutane	Inhalation	Not toxic to development	Rat	NOAEL 30 mg/l	during organogenesis	
n-hexane	Ingestion	Not toxic to development	Mouse	NOAEL 2,200 mg/kg/day	during organogenesis	
n-hexane	Inhalation	Some positive developmental data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 0.7 mg/l	during gestation	
n-hexane	Ingestion	Toxic to male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 1,140 mg/kg/day	90 days	
n-hexane	Inhalation	Toxic to male reproduction	Rat	LOAEL 3.52 mg/l	28 days	
Cyclohexane	Inhalation	Not toxic to female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 24 mg/l	2 generation	
Cyclohexane	Inhalation	Not toxic to male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 24 mg/l	2 generation	
		Some positive developmental data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 6.9 mg/l	2 generation	

# Target Organ(s)

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
Acetone	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	NOAEL Not available	
Acetone	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL Not available	
Acetone	Inhalation	immune system	Some positive data exist, but the	Human	NOAEL 1.19	6 hours

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			data are not sufficient for classification		mg/l	
Acetone	Inhalation	liver	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Guinea pig	NOAEL Not available	
Acetone	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	NOAEL Not available	poisoning and/or abuse
Propane	Inhalation	cardiac sensitisation	Causes damage to organs	Human	NOAEL Not available	
Propane	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	NOAEL Not available	
Propane	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	All data are negative	Human	NOAEL Not available	
Butane	Inhalation	cardiac sensitisation	Causes damage to organs	Human	NOAEL Not available	
Butane	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human and animal	NOAEL Not available	
Butane	Inhalation	heart	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Dog	NOAEL 5,000 ppm	25 minutes
Butane	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	All data are negative	Rabbit	NOAEL Not available	
Isobutane	Inhalation	cardiac sensitisation	Causes damage to organs	Multiple animal species	NOAEL Not available	
Isobutane	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human and animal	NOAEL Not available	
Isobutane	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	All data are negative	Mouse	NOAEL Not available	
Hydrocarbons, C7, n- alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Professio nal judgeme nt	NOAEL Not available	
Hydrocarbons, C7, n- alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Professio nal judgeme nt	NOAEL Not available	
Hydrocarbons, C6, isoalkanes, < 5% n- Hexane	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness		NOAEL Not available	
Pentane	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Multiple animal species	NOAEL Not available	not available
Pentane	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Not available	NOAEL Not available	not available
Pentane	Inhalation	cardiac sensitisation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Dog	NOAEL Not available	not available
Pentane	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Professio nal judgeme nt	NOAEL Not available	not available
2-methylbutane	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Multiple animal species	NOAEL Not available	not available
2-methylbutane	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Not available	NOAEL Not available	not available
2-methylbutane	Inhalation	cardiac sensitisation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Dog	NOAEL Not available	not available
2-methylbutane	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Professio nal judgeme nt	NOAEL Not available	not available



n-hexane	Inhalation	central nervous	May cause drowsiness or	Human	NOAEL Not	not available
n-hexane Inhalation respiratory irritation		dizziness  Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rabbit	available  NOAEL Not available	8 hours	
n-hexane	Inhalation	respiratory system	1 1111 1		NOAEL 24.6 mg/l	8 hours
Cyclohexane	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human and animal	NOAEL Not available	
Cyclohexane	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human and animal	NOAEL Not available	
Cyclohexane	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Professio nal judgeme nt	NOAEL Not available	

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration	
Acetone			Guinea pig	NOAEL Not available	3 weeks		
Acetone	Inhalation	hematopoietic system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL 3 mg/l	6 weeks	
Acetone	Inhalation	immune system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL 1.19 mg/l	6 days	
Acetone	Inhalation	kidney and/or bladder	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Guinea pig	NOAEL 119 mg/l	not available	
Acetone	Inhalation	heart   liver	All data are negative	Rat	NOAEL 45 mg/l	8 weeks	
Acetone	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 900 mg/kg/day	13 weeks	
Acetone	Ingestion	heart	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 2,500 mg/kg/day	13 weeks	
Acetone	Ingestion	hematopoietic system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 200 mg/kg/day	13 weeks	
Acetone	Ingestion	liver	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Mouse	NOAEL 3,896 mg/kg/day	14 days	
Acetone	Ingestion	eyes	All data are negative	Rat	NOAEL 3,400 mg/kg/day	13 weeks	
Acetone	Ingestion	respiratory system	All data are negative	Rat	NOAEL 2,500 mg/kg/day	13 weeks	
Acetone	Ingestion	muscles	All data are negative	Rat	NOAEL 2,500 mg/kg	13 weeks	
Acetone	Ingestion	skin   bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair	All data are negative	Mouse	NOAEL 11,298 mg/kg/day	13 weeks	
Butane	Inhalation	kidney and/or bladder	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 4,489 ppm	90 days	
Butane	Inhalation	blood	All data are negative	Rat	NOAEL 4,489 ppm	90 days	
Isobutane	Inhalation	kidney and/or bladder	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 4,500 ppm	13 weeks	

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# FLINTS Theatrical Chandlers

# 3M SprayMount Adhesive.

Pentane	system data are not sufficient for classification		Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure	
Pentane	Inhalation	heart   skin   endocrine system   bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair   hematopoietic system   liver   immune system   muscles   nervous system   eyes   kidney and/or bladder   respiratory system	All data are negative	Rat	NOAEL 20 mg/l	13 weeks
Pentane	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	All data are negative	Rat	NOAEL 2,000 mg/kg/day	28 days
2-methylbutane	Inhalation	peripheral nervous system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
2-methylbutane				Rat	NOAEL 20 mg/l	13 weeks
2-methylbutane	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	All data are negative	Rat	NOAEL 2,000 mg/kg/day	28 days
n-hexane	Inhalation	peripheral nervous system	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
n-hexane	Inhalation	respiratory system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Mouse	LOAEL 1.76 mg/l	13 weeks
n-hexane	Inhalation	liver	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL Not available	6 months
n-hexane	Inhalation	kidney and/or bladder	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	LOAEL 1.76 mg/l	6 months
n-hexane	Inhalation	hematopoietic system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Mouse	NOAEL 35.2 mg/l	13 weeks
n-hexane	Inhalation	auditory system   immune system   eyes	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
n-hexane	Inhalation	heart   skin   endocrine system	All data are negative	Rat	NOAEL 1.76 mg/l	6 months
n-hexane	Ingestion	peripheral nervous system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 1,140 mg/kg/day	90 days
n-hexane	Ingestion	endocrine system   hematopoietic system   liver   immune system   kidney and/or bladder	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL Not available	13 weeks
Cyclohexane	Inhalation	liver	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 24 mg/l	90 days
Cyclohexane	Inhalation	auditory system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for	Rat	NOAEL 1.7 mg/l	90 days



			classification			
Cyclohexane	Inhalation	kidney and/or bladder	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rabbit	NOAEL 2.7 mg/l	10 weeks
Cyclohexane	Inhalation	hematopoietic system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Mouse	NOAEL 24 mg/l	14 weeks
Cyclohexane	Inhalation	peripheral nervous system	All data are negative	Rat	NOAEL 8.6 mg/l	30 weeks

**Aspiration Hazard** 

Name	Value
Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics	Aspiration hazard
Hydrocarbons, C6, isoalkanes, < 5% n- Hexane	Aspiration hazard
Pentane	Aspiration hazard
2-methylbutane	Aspiration hazard
n-hexane	Aspiration hazard
Cyclohexane	Aspiration hazard

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional toxicological information on this material and/or its components.

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

The information below may not agree with the EU material classification in Section 2 and/or the ingredient classifications in Section 3 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, statements and data presented in Section 12 are based on UN GHS calculation rules and classifications derived from 3M assessments.

### 12.1. Toxicity

No product test data available.

Material	CAS Nbr	Organism	Type	Exposure	Test endpoint	Test result
Non-volatiles	Trade Secret		Data not			
			available or			
			insufficient for			
			classification			
Butane	106-97-8		Data not			
			available or			
			insufficient for			
			classification			
Isobutane	75-28-5		Data not			
			available or			
			insufficient for			
			classification			
Pentane	109-66-0	Green Algae	Experimental	72 hours	NOEC	2.04 mg/l
Pentane	109-66-0	Green Algae	Experimental	72 hours	EC50	7.51 mg/l
Pentane	109-66-0	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	EC50	2.7 mg/l
Pentane	109-66-0	Rainbow trout	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	4.26 mg/l
Acetone	67-64-1	Water flea	Experimental	21 days	NOEC	1,000 mg/l
Acetone	67-64-1	Algae other	Experimental	96 hours	EC50	11,493 mg/l
Acetone	67-64-1	Rainbow trout	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	5,540 mg/l
Acetone	67-64-1	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	EC50	13,500 mg/l
n-hexane	110-54-3	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	EC50	>3.9 mg/l
n-hexane	110-54-3	Fathead	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	2.5 mg/l
		minnow				

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Cyclohexane	110-82-7	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	EC50	0.9 mg/l
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	Fathead	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	4.53 mg/l
		minnow				
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	Green Algae	Experimental	72 hours	EC50	3.4 mg/l
2-methylbutane	78-78-4		Data not			
			available or			
			insufficient for			
			classification			
Hydrocarbons,	927-510-4		Data not			
C7, n-alkanes,			available or			
isoalkanes,			insufficient for			
cyclics			classification			
Hydrocarbons,	931-254-9		Data not			
C6, isoalkanes,			available or			
< 5% n-			insufficient for			
Hexane			classification			
Propane	74-98-6		Data not			
			available or			
			insufficient for			
			classification			
Non Volatile	Trade Secret		Data not			
Compound			available or			
			insufficient for			
			classification			

# 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Material	CAS Nbr	Test type	Duration	Study Type	Test result	Protocol
Acetone	67-64-1	Estimated		Photolytic half-	80 days (t 1/2)	Other methods
		Photolysis		life (in air)		
Acetone	67-64-1	Experimental		Photolytic half-	147 days (t 1/2)	Other methods
		Photolysis		life (in air)		
Butane	106-97-8	Experimental		Photolytic half-	12.3 days (t	Other methods
		Photolysis		life (in air)	1/2)	
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	Experimental		Photolytic half-	4.14 days (t	Other methods
		Photolysis		life (in air)	1/2)	
n-hexane	110-54-3	Experimental		Photolytic half-	5.4 days (t 1/2)	Other methods
		Photolysis		life (in air)		
Isobutane	75-28-5	Experimental		Photolytic half-	13.4 days (t	Other methods
		Photolysis		life (in air)	1/2)	
2-methylbutane	78-78-4	Experimental		Photolytic half-	8.11 days (t	Other methods
•		Photolysis		life (in air)	1/2)	
Pentane	109-66-0	Experimental		Photolytic half-	8.07 days (t	Other methods
		Photolysis		life (in air)	1/2)	
Propane	74-98-6	Experimental		Photolytic half-	27.5 days (t	Other methods
•		Photolysis		life (in air)	1/2)	
Non-volatiles	Trade Secret	Data not	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
		available or				
		insufficient for				
		classification				
Hydrocarbons,	927-510-4	Data not	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
C7, n-alkanes,		available or				
isoalkanes,		insufficient for				
cyclics		classification				

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n-hexane	110-54-3	Bioconcentrati	28 days	BOD	100 % weight	OECD 301C - MITI test (I)
Acetone	67-64-1	Experimental Biodegradation	28 days	BOD	78 % weight	OECD 301D - Closed bottle test
Non Volatile Compound	Trade Secret	Experimental Biodegradation	28 days	BOD	0 % weight	OECD 301C - MITI test (I)
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	Experimental Biodegradation	28 days	BOD	77 % weight	OECD 301F - Manometric respirometry
Pentane	109-66-0	Experimental Biodegradation	28 days	BOD	96 % weight	OECD 301C - MITI test (I)
2-methylbutane	78-78-4	Experimental Biodegradation	20 days	Percent degraded	100 % weight	Other methods
Hydrocarbons, C6, isoalkanes, < 5% n- Hexane	931-254-9	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

# 12.3 : Bioaccumulative potential

Material	CAS Nbr	Test type	Duration	Study Type	Test result	Protocol
Non-volatiles	Trade Secret	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics	927-510-4	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Non Volatile Compound	Trade Secret	Estimated BCF-Carp	70 days	Bioaccumulatio n factor	11100	Other methods
2-methylbutane	78-78-4	Estimated Bioconcentrati		Bioaccumulatio n factor	65	Estimated: Bioconcentration factor
Pentane	109-66-0	Estimated Bioconcentrati on		Bioaccumulatio n factor	26	Estimated: Bioconcentration factor
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	Experimental BCF-Carp	56 days	Bioaccumulatio n factor	<129	Other methods
n-hexane	110-54-3	Modeled Bioconcentrati on		Bioaccumulatio n factor	138	Other methods
Acetone	67-64-1	Experimental BCF - Other		Bioaccumulatio n factor	0.65	Other methods
Butane	106-97-8	Experimental Bioconcentrati on		Log Kow	2.89	Other methods
Isobutane	75-28-5	Experimental Bioconcentrati on		Log Kow	2.76	Other methods
Propane	74-98-6	Experimental Bioconcentrati on		Log Kow	2.36	Other methods

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Hydrocarbons,	931-254-9	Data not	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
C6, isoalkanes,		available or				
< 5% n-		insufficient for				
Hexane		classification				

#### 12.4. Mobility in soil

Please contact manufacturer for more details

#### 12.5. Results of the PBT and vPvB assessment

No information available at this time, contact manufacturer for more details

#### 12.6. Other adverse effects

Material	CAS Nbr	<b>Ozone Depletion Potential</b>	Global Warming Potential
acetone	67-64-1	0	

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

See Section 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Incinerate in a permitted waste incineration facility. Facility must be capable of handling aerosol cans. As a disposal alternative, utilize an acceptable permitted waste disposal facility. Empty drums/barrels/containers used for transporting and handling hazardous chemicals (chemical substances/mixtures/preparations classified as Hazardous as per applicable regulations) shall be considered, stored, treated & disposed of as hazardous wastes unless otherwise defined by applicable waste regulations. Consult with the respective regulating authorities to determine the available treatment and disposal facilities.

The coding of a waste stream is based on the application of the product by the consumer. Since this is out of the control of 3M, no waste code(s) for products after use will be provided. Please refer to the European Waste Code (EWC - 2000/532/EC and amendments) to assign the correct waste code to your waste stream. Ensure national and/or regional regulations are complied with and always use a licensed waste contractor.

# EU waste code (product as sold)

08 04 09\* Waste adhesives and sealants containing organic solvents or other dangerous substances

16 05 04\* Gases in pressure containers (including halons) containing dangerous substances

# EU waste code (product container after use)

15 01 04 Metallic packaging

# **SECTION 14: Transportation information**

UU-0015-2889-0

ADR/RID: UN1950, AEROSOLS, LIMITED QUANTITY, 2.1, (E), ADR Classification Code: 5F.

IMDG-CODE: UN1950, AEROSOLS, 2.1, IMDG-Code segregation code: NONE, LIMITED QUANTITY, EMS: FD,SU.

ICAO/IATA: UN1950, AEROSOLS, FLAMMABLE, 2.1.

UU-0015-7905-9, YP-2080-6050-6, YP-2080-6054-8

ADR/RID: UN1950, AEROSOLS, LIMITED QUANTITY, 2.1, (E), ADR Classification Code: 5F.

IMDG-CODE: UN1950, AEROSOLS, 2.1, IMDG-Code segregation code: NONE, LIMITED QUANTITY, EMS: FD,SU.

ICAO/IATA: UN1950, AEROSOLS, FLAMMABLE, 2.1.



# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

#### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### Global inventory status

Contact 3M for more information.

#### 15.2. Chemical Safety Assessment

A chemical safety assessment has been carried out for the relevant substances in this material by the registrant in accordance with regulation REGULATION (EC) No 1907/2006

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

### List of relevant H statements

EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
H220	Extremely flammable gas.
H222	Extremely flammable aerosol.
H224	Extremely flammable liquid and vapour.
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H229	Pressurised container. may burst if heated.
H280	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H361f	Suspected of damaging fertility.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### **Revision information:**

Professional Application of Coatings: Section 16: Annex information was added.

Section 3: Composition/Information of ingredients table information was modified.

Section 8: 8.2. Exposure controls information information was added.

Section 8: 8.2.3. Environmental exposure controls information information was added.

Section 8: DNEL table row information was added.

Section 8: Occupational exposure limit table information was modified.

Section 11: Acute Toxicity table information was modified.

Section 11: Aspiration Hazard Table information was modified.

Section 11: Carcinogenicity Table information was modified.

Section 11: Germ Cell Mutagenicity Table information was modified.

Section 11: Reproductive Toxicity Table information was modified.

Section 11: Serious Eye Damage/Irritation Table information was modified.

Section 11: Skin Corrosion/Irritation Table information was modified.

Section 11: Skin Sensitization Table information was modified.

Section 11: Target Organs - Repeated Table information was modified.

Section 11: Target Organs - Single Table information was modified.

Section 12: Component ecotoxicity information information was modified.

Section 12: Persistence and Degradability information information was modified.

Section 12:Bioccumulative potential information information was modified.

Section 15: Chemical Safety Assessment information was modified.

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Annex: Prediction of exposure statement information was added.

# **Annex**

4 504.3	
1. Title	
Substance identification	EC No. 931-254-9 Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics; EC No. 927-510-4
Free short title	Professional Application of Coatings
Identified uses	PROC 11, ERC 08a, SU 22 ;
Processes, tasks and activities covered	Application of product. Spraying of substances/mixtures.
2. Operational conditions and risk mana	
Operating Conditions	General operating conditions: Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature; Duration of exposure per day at workplace [for one worker]: 8 hours/day; Emission days per year: 365 days/year; Indoor use; Outdoor use;
Risk management measures	Under the operational conditions described above the following risk management measures apply:  General risk management measures:  Human health: None needed; Environmental: None needed;
Waste management measures	No use-specific waste management measures are required for this product. Refer to Section 13 of main SDS for disposal instructions:
3. Prediction of exposure	
Prediction of exposure	
	I .

DISCLAIMER: The information on this Safety Data Sheet is based on our experience and is correct to the best of our knowledge at the date of publication, but we do not accept any liability for any loss, damage or injury resulting from its use (except as required by law). The information may not be valid for any use not referred to in this Data Sheet or use of the product in combination with other materials. For these reasons, it is important that customers carry out their own test to satisfy themselves as to the suitability of the product for their own intended applications.

3M United Kingdom MSDSs are available at www.3M.com/uk

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