Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Regulation (EU) No. 2015/830

SAFETY DATA SHEET

2400 Hard-Hat® Anti-Slip

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name

RUST-OLEUM

: 2400 Hard-Hat® Anti-Slip

Product description Product type

: Aerosol. Paint. : Aerosol.

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses				
Industrial uses Consumer uses Professional uses				
	Uses advised against		Reason	
None identified.		-		

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Rust-Oleum Europe - Martin Mathys NV, Kolenbergstraat 23, B-3545 Zelem, Belgium Telephone no.: +32 (0) 13 460 200 Fax no.: +32 (0) 13 460 201

e-mail address of person : rpmeurohas@ro-m.com responsible for this SDS

1.4 Emergency telephone number

<u>Supplier</u>	
Telephone number	: +44 (0) 207 858 1228
Hours of operation	: 24/7

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Aerosol 1, H222, H229 STOT SE 3, H336 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

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SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Hazard pictograms	:	
Signal word	:	Danger
Hazard statements	:	Extremely flammable aerosol. Pressurised container: May burst if heated. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements		
General	:	P102 - Keep out of reach of children. P103 - Read label before use. P101 - If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
Prevention	:	 P210 - Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and hot surfaces No smoking. P211 - Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. P273 - Avoid release to the environment. P251 - Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
Response	:	P312 - Call a doctor if you feel unwell.
Storage	1	P410 + P412 - Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C.
Disposal	:	P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazardous ingredients	:	hydrocarbons, C9-C10, n-/ iso-/ cyclo-alkanes, < 2% aromatics
Supplemental label elements	:	Contains phthalic anhydride and 2-butanone oxime. May produce an allergic reaction. Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	:	Not applicable.
Special packaging requirem	ien	<u>ts</u>
Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings	:	Not applicable.
Tactile warning of danger	:	Not applicable.
2.3 Other bazarde		

2.3 Other hazards

Other hazards which do : None known. not result in classification

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures	: Mixture			
Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Туре
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SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

hydrocarbons, C9-C10,	REACH #	≥25 - ≤50	Flam. Liq. 3, H226	[1] [2]
n-/ iso-/ cyclo-alkanes,	01-2119471843-32	220 - 200	STOT SE 3, H336	''' [-]
< 2% aromatics	EC: 927-241-2		Asp. Tox. 1, H304	
	Index: 649-327-00-6			
	Index. 049-327-00-0		Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 EUH066	
butane	EC: 203-448-7	≥10 - ≤25	Flam. Gas 1, H220	[2]
	CAS: 106-97-8			
	Index: 601-004-00-0			
1-methoxy-2-propanol	REACH #:	≤5	Flam. Liq. 3, H226	[1] [2]
	01-2119457435-35		STOT SE 3, H336	
	EC: 203-539-1			
	CAS: 107-98-2			
	Index: 603-064-00-3			
acetone	REACH #:	≤5	Flam. Liq. 2, H225	[1] [2]
	01-2119471330-49		Eye Irrit. 2, H319	
	EC: 200-662-2		STOT SE 3, H336	
	CAS: 67-64-1		EUH066	
	Index: 606-001-00-8			
2-butanone oxime	EC: 202-496-6	≤0,3	Acute Tox. 4, H312	[1]
	CAS: 96-29-7		Eye Dam. 1, H318	
	Index: 616-014-00-0		Skin Sens. 1, H317	
u la fila a li a ca la cului al a		-0.0	Carc. 2, H351	[4] [2]
phthalic anhydride	EC: 201-607-5	≤0,3	Acute Tox. 4, H302	[1] [2]
	CAS: 85-44-9 Index: 607-009-00-4		Skin Irrit. 2, H315	
	Index. 607-009-00-4		Eye Dam. 1, H318 Resp. Sens. 1, H334	
			Skin Sens. 1, H317	
			STOT SE 3, H335	
			See Section 16 for the full text of the	
			H statements declared above.	

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Туре

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

[3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[5] Substance of equivalent concern

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid m	easures
General	: In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical advice.
Eye contact	: Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.
Inhalation	: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it
	is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate
	mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person
	providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Contains 2-butanone oxime, phthalic anhydride. May produce an allergic reaction.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation dryness cracking
Ingestion	: No specific data.
4.3 Indication of any immed	liate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician	: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures	
5.1 Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Recommended: alcohol-resistant foam, CO ₂ , powders, water spray.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

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SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

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Hazards from the substance or mixture	: Extremely flammable aerosol. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Gas may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back, causing fire or explosion. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides
5.3 Advice for firefighters	
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.
Additional information	Pressurised container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperature exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Container explosion may occur under fire conditions or when heated. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures			
For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. In the case of aerosols being ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurised contents and propellant. If a large number of containers are ruptured, treat as a bulk material spillage according to the instructions in the clean-up section. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.	
For emergency responders	:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".	
6.2 Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.	

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
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SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.
6.4 Reference to other sections	 See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance.

7.1 Precautions for safe handling	 Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapours in air and avoid vapour concentrations higher than the occupational exposure limits. In addition, the product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Electrical equipment should be protected to the appropriate standard. Mixture may charge electrostatically: always use earthing leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing and floors should be of the conducting type. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid the inhalation of dust, particulates, spray or mist arising from the application of this mixture. Avoid inhalation of dust from sanding. Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Never use pressure to empty. Container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers made from the same material as the original one. Comply with the health and safety at work laws. Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. Information on fire and explosion protection Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.
	When operators, whether spraying or not, have to work inside the spray booth, ventilation is unlikely to be sufficient to control particulates and solvent vapour in all cases. In such circumstances they should wear a compressed air-fed respirator during the spraying process and until such time as the particulates and solvent vapour concentration has fallen below the exposure limits.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations.

Notes on joint storage

Keep away from: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

Additional information on storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Do not store above the following temperature: 35°C (95°F). Store in a dry, cool and wellventilated area. Keep away from heat and direct sunlight. Keep away from sources of ignition. No smoking. Prevent unauthorised access. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds (in tonnes)

Named substances

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Name	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
Liquefied flammable gases, Category 1 or 2 (including LPG) and natural gas	50	200
Danger criteria		

CategoryNotification and MAPP
thresholdSafety report thresholdP3a: Flammable aerosols containing flammable gases or
flammable liquids150500

7.3 Specific end use(s) Recommendations

: Not available.

Industrial sector specific : Not available.

solutions

. Not availat

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
hydrocarbons, C9-C10, n-/ iso-/ cyclo-alka < 2% aromatics	anes, EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 8/2007). STEL: 850 mg/m ³ , (as turpentine ***TO BE TRANSLATED***) 15 minutes. Form: Vapour TWA: 566 mg/m ³ , (as turpentine (100 ppm)) 8 hours. Form:
butane	Vapour EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011). STEL: 1810 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
1-methoxy-2-propanol	STEL: 750 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 1450 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 600 ppm 8 hours. EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011). Absorbed
T-methoxy-z-propanol	through skin. STEL: 560 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 375 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
acetone	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011). STEL: 3620 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STEL: 1500 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 1210 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
phthalic anhydride	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011). Inhalation sensitiser. STEL: 12 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. TWA: 4 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
procedures atmosph of the ve protective the follow the asses limit value	oduct contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace ere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness ntilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory e equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as ving: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for ssment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with es and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace eres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment
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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs/DMELs

Product/ingredient name	Туре	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
hydrocarbons, C9-C10, n-/ iso-/ cyclo-alkanes, < 2% aromatics	DNEL	Long term Dermal	300 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	1500 mg/ m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral, Dermal	300 mg/kg bw/day	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	900 mg/m ³	Consumers	Systemic
1-methoxy-2-propanol	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	553,5 mg/ m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	369 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	50,6 mg/ kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	43,9 mg/m ³	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	18,1 mg/ kg bw/day	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	3,3 mg/kg bw/day	Consumers	Systemic

PNECs

Product/ingredient name	Compartment Detail	Value	Method Detail
1-methoxy-2-propanol		10 mg/l 41,6 mg/l 4,17 mg/l 2,47 mg/l 100 mg/l	- - - -

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls	: Provide adequate ventilation. Where reasonably practicable, this should be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapours below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.
Individual protection measured	<u>ures</u>
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields. Recommended: safety glasses with side-shields (EN 166).
Skin protection	
Hand protection	

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals.

The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product.

The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed.

Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material.

Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly.

The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance.

Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.

Gloves	For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves:	
	Recommended: > 8 hours (breakthrough time): nitrile rubber (0.5mm) and neoprene (0.65mm).	
	The recommendation for the type or types of glove to use when handling this product is based on information from the following source:	
	EN 374-3 : 2003	
	The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.	
Body protection	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods. Recommended: disposable overall (EN 1149-1).	
Other skin protection	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.	
Respiratory protection	Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other importan aspects of use. Recommended: organic vapour (Type A) and particulate filter (EN 140).	
Environmental exposure controls	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensur they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.	

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties				
<u>Appearance</u>				
Physical state	: Liquid. [Spraycans]			
Colour	: Various			
Odour	: Solvent-like			
Odour threshold	: Not available.			
рН	: Not available.			
Melting point/freezing point	: <-90°C			
Initial boiling point and boiling range	: Not available.			
Flash point	: Closed cup: -70°C			
Evaporation rate	: >1 (butyl acetate = 1)			

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

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Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Highly flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames, sparks and static discharge and heat. Slightly flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: shocks and mechanical impacts. In use, may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture. Vapour may travel a considerable distance to source of ignition and flash back.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	1	Lower: 2% Upper: 9%
Vapour pressure	:	400 kPa [room temperature]
Vapour density	:	>1 [Air = 1]
Relative density	:	0.73 to 0.79
Solubility(ies)	1	Soluble in the following materials: acetone. Insoluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	1	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.
Viscosity	:	Not available.
Explosive properties	:	 Highly explosive in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames, sparks and static discharge and heat. Slightly explosive in the presence of the following materials or conditions: shocks and mechanical impacts. Pressurised container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperature exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Container explosion may occur under fire conditions or when heated. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed.
Oxidising properties	1	Not available.
9.2 Other information		
Type of aerosol	1	Spray
Heat of combustion	1	18,84 kJ/g
No additional information.		

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity	:	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
10.2 Chemical stability	:	Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
10.4 Conditions to avoid	:	When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.
10.5 Incompatible materials	:	Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced. If involved in a fire, toxic gases including CO, CO2 and smoke can be generated.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
hydrocarbons, C9-C10, n-/ iso-/ cyclo-alkanes, < 2% aromatics	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	8500 mg/m³	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	>5000 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>6 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>15000 mg/kg	-
1-methoxy-2-propanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	55000 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	13 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	6600 mg/kg	-
acetone	LD50 Oral	Rat	5800 mg/kg	-
2-butanone oxime	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	>4416 mg/l	4 hours
phthalic anhydride	LD50 Oral	Rat	1530 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary

Acute toxicity estimates

Not available.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
hydrocarbons, C9-C10, n-/ iso-/ cyclo-alkanes, < 2% aromatics	Skin - Oedema	Rabbit	1	-	-
	Eyes - Cornea opacity	Rabbit	0	-	-
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 milligrams	-
acetone	Eyes - Mild irritant	Human	-	186300 parts per million	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	10 microliters	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	20 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	395 milligrams	-
2-butanone oxime	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	100 microliters	-
phthalic anhydride	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 50 milligrams	-

Conclusion/Summary

Skin

Eyes

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Respiratory

: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Sensitisation

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
hydrocarbons, C9-C10, n-/ iso-/ cyclo-alkanes, < 2% aromatics	skin	Rabbit	Not sensitizing

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Conclusion/Summary Skin : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Respiratory : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. **Mutagenicity Product/ingredient name** Test **Experiment** Result hydrocarbons, C9-C10, n-/ OECD 473, 474, 476 Subject: Mammalian-Animal Negative iso-/ cyclo-alkanes, < 2% aromatics **Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
hydrocarbons, C9-C10, n-/ iso-/ cyclo-alkanes, < 2% aromatics	Negative - Oral - TD	Rat	-	-

Conclusion/Summary

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Maternal toxicity	Fertility	Developmental toxin	Species	Dose	Exposure
hydrocarbons, C9-C10, n-/ iso-/ cyclo-alkanes, < 2% aromatics	-	-	Negative	Rat - Female	Oral	-

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
hydrocarbons, C9-C10, n-/ iso-/ cyclo-alkanes, < 2% aromatics 1-methoxy-2-propanol acetone phthalic anhydride	Category 3 Category 3 Category 3 Category 3	Not applicable. Not applicable. Not applicable. Not applicable.	Narcotic effects Narcotic effects Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

	Product/ingredient name	Result
hydrocarbons, C	9-C10, n-/ iso-/ cyclo-alkanes, < 2% aromatics	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

<u>Short term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	1	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	1	Not available.
Long term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	1	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Potential chronic health effe	ect	<u>S</u>

FLINTS

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Regulation (EU) No. 2015/830 2400 Hard-Hat® Anti-Slip

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Conclusion/Summary	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
General	: Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/ or dermatitis.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Other information : Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

There are no data available on the mixture itself. Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

The mixture has been assessed following the summation method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for eco-toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
hydrocarbons, C9-C10, n-/ iso-/ cyclo-alkanes, < 2% aromatics	Acute EC50 >1000 mg/l	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours
	Acute EC50 22 to 46 mg/l	Daphnia spec.	48 hours
	Acute LC50 10 to 30 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
	Acute NOEC <1 mg/l	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Acute EC50 >1000 mg/l	Algae - Selenastrum capricomutum	7 days
	Acute LC50 23300 mg/l	Daphnia spec.	96 hours
	Acute LC50 20800 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
acetone	Acute LC50 8,64 to 8098 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 7,88 to 7280 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
2-butanone oxime	Acute EC50 750 mg/l	Daphnia spec.	48 hours
	Acute IC50 83 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	Acute LC50 843000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
phthalic anhydride	Acute EC50 78530 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	96 hours

Conclusion/Summary : Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
hydrocarbons, C9-C10, n-/ iso-/ cyclo-alkanes, < 2% aromatics	-	89 % - Readily - 28 days	-	-
1-methoxy-2-propanol	OECD 301E	96 % - Readily - 28 days >90 % - Readily - 5 days	-	-
	-	-90 % - Redully - 5 days	1,95 gO₂/g ThOD	-
	OECD 301C	88 to 92 % - Readily - 28 days	-	-

Conclusion/Summary : This product has not been tested for biodegradation.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
hydrocarbons, C9-C10, n-/ iso-/ cyclo-alkanes, < 2% aromatics	Fresh water <28 days, 5 to 25°C	-	Readily
1-methoxy-2-propanol acetone 2-butanone oxime	Fresh water <28 days, 5 to 25°C - -	- -	Readily Readily Readily

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
hydrocarbons, C9-C10, n-/ iso-/ cyclo-alkanes, < 2% aromatics	3.9 to 4.9	-	high
1-methoxy-2-propanol	<1	<100	low
acetone	-0,23	-	low
2-butanone oxime	0,63	2.5 to 5.8	low
phthalic anhydride	1,6	3,4	low

12.4 Mobility in soil	
Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.
Mobility	: Volatile.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT	: Not applicable.
vPvB	: Not applicable.

12.6 Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance.

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product		
Methods of disposal	:	The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non- recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.
Hazardous waste	1	Yes.
Disposal considerations	:	Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. Dispose of according to all federal, state and local applicable regulations. If this product is mixed with other wastes, the original waste product code may no longer apply and the appropriate code should be assigned. For further information, contact your local waste authority.

European waste catalogue (EWC)

The European Waste Catalogue classification of this product, when disposed of as waste, is:

	Waste code	Waste designation
	20 01 27*	paint, inks, adhesives and resins containing hazardous substances
P	ackaging	

SECTION 13: Dispos	SECTION 13: Disposal considerations		
Methods of disposal	:	The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.	
Disposal considerations	:	Using information provided in this safety data sheet, advice should be obtained from the relevant waste authority on the classification of empty containers. Empty containers must be scrapped or reconditioned. Dispose of containers contaminated by the product in accordance with local or national legal provisions.	
Special precautions	:	This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.	

SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
14.1 UN number	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950
14.2 UN proper shipping name	Aerosols, Flammable [Limited quantity]	Aerosols, Flammable [Limited quantity]	Aerosols, Flammable [Limited quantity]	Aerosols, Flammable
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	2	2	2.1	2.1
14.4 Packing group	-	-	-	-
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	Limited quantity: LQ2 Remarks: (≤ 1L:) Limited Quantity - ADR/IMDG 3.4 ADR Tunnel code: (D)		Emergency schedules (EmS): F-D + S-U Remarks: Limited Quantity - ADR/IMDG 3.4	Passenger and Cargo AircraftQuantity limitation: 75 kgPackaging instructions: 203Cargo Aircraft Only Quantity limitation: 150 kgPackaging instructions: 203Limited Quantities - Passenger Aircraft Quantity limitation: 30 kg Packaging instructions: Y 203

user

14.6 Special precautions for : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and enviro	onmental regulation	s/legislation specific	for the substance of	or mixture
EU Regulation (EC) No. 190	<u>7/2006 (REACH)</u>			
Annex XIV - List of substa	nces subject to auth	<u>orisation</u>		
Annex XIV				
None of the components a	re listed.			
Substances of very high	<u>concern</u>			
None of the components a	re listed.			
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	: Not applicable.			
Other EU regulations				
VOC for Ready-for-Use Mixture	: Not available.			
Europe inventory	: All components a	re listed or exempted.		
Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Air	: Listed			
Product/ingredient name	Carcinogenic	Mutagenic effects	Developmental	Fertility effects

Product/ingredient name	Carcinogenic effects	Mutagenic effects	Developmental effects	Fertility effects
2-butanone oxime	Carc. 2, H351	-	-	-

Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU)

Not listed.

Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU)

ŝ

Not listed.

Aerosol dispensers



Extremely flammable

Seveso Directive

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

Named substances

Name

Liquefied flammable gases, Category 1 or 2 (including LPG) and natural gas

Danger criteria

Category

P3a: Flammable aerosols containing flammable gases or flammable liquids

National regulations

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

The information contained in this safety data sheet does not constitute the user's own assessment of workplace risks, as required by other health and safety legislation. The provisions of the national health and safety at work regulations apply to the use of this product at work.

Product/ingredient name	List name	Name on list	Classification	Notes
butane	UK Occupational Exposure Limits EH40 - WEL	butane	Carc.	-
References	EH40/2005 Workplace	exposure limits		

: EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Regulation (EU) No. 2015/830

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals Not listed.

Montreal Protocol (Annexes A, B, C, E)

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

1 a

CN code : 3208 10 90 UFI Code : Q820-90GC-D008-157H

International lists

National inventory	
Australia	: At least one component is not listed.
Canada	: Not determined.
China	: Not determined.
Japan	: Japan inventory (ENCS): At least one component is not listed. Japan inventory (ISHL): At least one component is not listed.
Malaysia	: Not determined.
New Zealand	: Not determined.
Philippines Republic of Korea	At least one component is not listed.Not determined.
Taiwan	: Not determined.
Turkey	: Not determined.
United States	: All components are listed or exempted.
15.2 Chemical safety assessment	: No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information	that has changed from previously issued version.
Abbreviations and	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
acronyms	CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No.
	1272/2008]
	DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
	DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
	EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement
	PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
	PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration
	RRN = REACH Registration Number
	vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Aerosol 1, H222, H229	Expert judgment
STOT SE 3, H336	Expert judgment
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	Expert judgment

Full text of H-phrases referred to in sections 2 and 3

Full text of abbreviated H : Full text of classifications : [CLP/GHS] :	H220 H222, H229 H225 H226 H302 H304 H312 H315 H317 H318 H319 H334 H335 H336 H351 H412 Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Aerosol 1, H222, H229 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Carc. 2, H351 EUH066 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Eve Dam. 1, H318	Extremely flammable gas. Extremely flammable aerosol. Pressurised container: May burst if heated. Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Flammable liquid and vapour. Harmful if swallowed. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye damage. Causes serious eye damage. Causes serious eye damage. Causes serious eye damage. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Suspected of causing cancer. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 AEROSOLS - Category 1 LONG-TERM AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
	EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
	Resp. Sens. 1, H334 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT SE 3, H335	RESPIRATORY SENSITISATION - Category 1 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
Date of printing :	STOT SE 3, H336 8/01/2018	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE (Narcotic effects) - Category 3

SECTION 16: Other information

Date of issue/ Date of revision	: 14/12/2017
Date of previous issue	: 14/12/2017
Version	: 4

Notice to reader

The information in this Safety Data Sheet is based on the present state of knowledge and current legislation. It provides guidance on health, safety and environmental aspects of the product and should not be construed as any guarantee of technical performance or suitability for particular applications. The product should not be used for purposes other than those shown in Section 1 without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. As the specific conditions of use of the product are outside the supplier's control, the user is responsible for ensuring that the requirements of relevant legislation are complied with. The information contained in this safety data sheet does not constitute the user's own assessment of workplace risks, as required by other health and safety legislation.